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Vaccination Schedules

	<u>Jan.</u>	<u>Feb.</u>	<u>Mar.</u>	<u>April</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>Jul.</u>	<u>Aug.</u>	<u>Sep.</u>	<u>Oct.</u>	<u>Nov.</u>	<u>Dec.</u>
Performance Horses (High Risk)		WNV*(if previously unvaccinated)	EWT Rabies F/R WNV	PHF* Bot* (endemic areas only)			F/R	PHF* (endemic areas only)	WNV* EWT* (climate dependent)		F/R	
Pleasure Horses (Low Risk)			EWT F/R Rabies WNV						F/R			
Yearlings			EWT F/R Rabies WNV			F/R			F/R			F/R
Breeding Stallions	EWT F/R Rabies WNV							F/R			F/R	
Foals and Broodmares			See Below									

- **Core Vaccinations:** Rabies, West Nile Virus (WNV), Eastern and Western encephalitis/Tetanus (EWT), Influenza/Rhinopneumonitis (F/R)
- **Risk Dependent Vaccinations:** Potomac horse fever (PHF), Strangles, Botulism, Equine viral arteritis (EVA)

The veterinarians at Old Dominion can help tailor a vaccination protocol to your horses' specific needs.



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MARE AND FOAL VACCINATION / DEWORMING SCHEDULE

Pregnant Mare Vaccinations:

- 3 months – Rhinomune *(optional)
- 5 months – Rhinomune 1
- 7 months – Rhinomune 2
- 9 months – Rhinomune 3, Rabies, WNV *(if previously unvaccinated)
- 10 months – EWT, F/R, WNV

Botulism at 7,9, and 10 months for previously unvaccinated mares or once at 10 months for previously vaccinated mares.
Rotavirus at 7,9, and 10 months for mares foaling in endemic areas.

*Remember to open caslicks at 10 months

Pregnant Mare Deworming:

- 2 weeks prior to foaling date – Strongid x 2
- 3 weeks post foaling – Ivermectin

Foal Vaccinations:

- 4 months – EWT, F/R, WNV
- 5 months – EWT, F/R, WNV
- 6 months – EWT, F/R, WNV, +/- PHF
- 7 months – Rabies, +/- PHF

Foal Deworming:

Begin Deworming Foals at **6 weeks of age with the deworming schedules below



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Deworming Schedule:

There are many schedules for deworming. The following schedules work well in our region:

<u>6 Week Interval</u>	(recommended for farms with high intensity training or horses turned out on densely populated paddocks)
Jan 1 st	Panacur
Mid Feb	Ivermectin
April 1 st	Equimax or Double dose Strongid
Mid May	Panacur
July 1 st	Ivermectin
Mid August	Panacur Powerpak (5 day double dose)
October 1 st	Panacur
Mid November	Ivermectin

<u>8 Week Interval</u>	(recommended for horses lightly trained and turned-out on sparsely populated paddocks)
<u>January</u>	Panacur
<u>March</u>	Strongid
<u>May</u>	Equimax or double dose Strongid
<u>July</u>	Panacur
<u>September</u>	Double dose Strongid
<u>November</u>	Ivermectin

- **Strongid-C 2x** is a daily dewormer that is given as a feed supplement. Please ask your veterinarian if you are interested in this dewormer program.
- **Strategic Deworming** - Old Dominion Equine can help you deworm only when needed by performing fecal analysis and parasite egg counts from samples of your horse's feces



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APPENDICES

A. Vaccine information

EWT-Eastern and Western Encephalitis/ Tetanus	Eastern and Western encephalitis are carried by mosquitoes. Tetanus is in the environment.	An annual booster prior to mosquito season is recommended.
Rabies	A virus carried by wild animals, infectious to humans.	Annual booster required
F/R – Flu / Rhino	Most commonly involved in cold-like respiratory disease.	Protection is short lived so booster required 3 to 4 times per year for active horses
WNV – West Nile Virus	Carried by mosquitoes and infectious to humans.	An annual booster prior to mosquito season is recommended. Initial series consists of two injections 3-4 wks apart.
PHF – Potomac Horse Fever	A diarrhea causing organism spread through snails. Vaccinated horses have the same likelihood of developing the disease but a higher survival rate.	An annual booster in spring although in certain regions a second vaccination in August is recommended.
BOT – Botulism	Neurologic disease, uncommon in this region, most commonly found in round-bale hay	Annual booster required. Initial series consists of 3 vaccinations 4 weeks apart.
Rhinomune	Prevents viral abortion in mares.	Given at 5, 7, and 9 months of pregnancy.

B. Dewormer Products

Panacur –	Active ingredient is Fenbendazole, Panacur Powerpak is 5-day double dose for encysted small strongyles
Ivermectin –	Numerous products available such as Eqvalan and Promectin; Should be given after 1 st fall freeze for Bots. Toxic to some dogs.
Strongid –	Active ingredient is Pyrantel pamoate; Double dose in spring for tapeworms
Quest –	Can be substituted for Ivermectin once per year; Toxic to Dogs.
Equi-Max – Ivermectin Gold	Active Ingredients: Ivermectin/Praziquantel. The praziquantel ingredient is highly effective against tapeworms.